



Evidence Sharing: Designing Middle School Science Storylines Integrating Sensor Technologies and Data -Driven Science

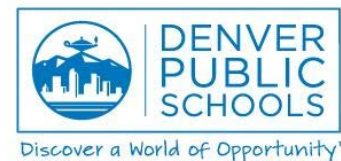
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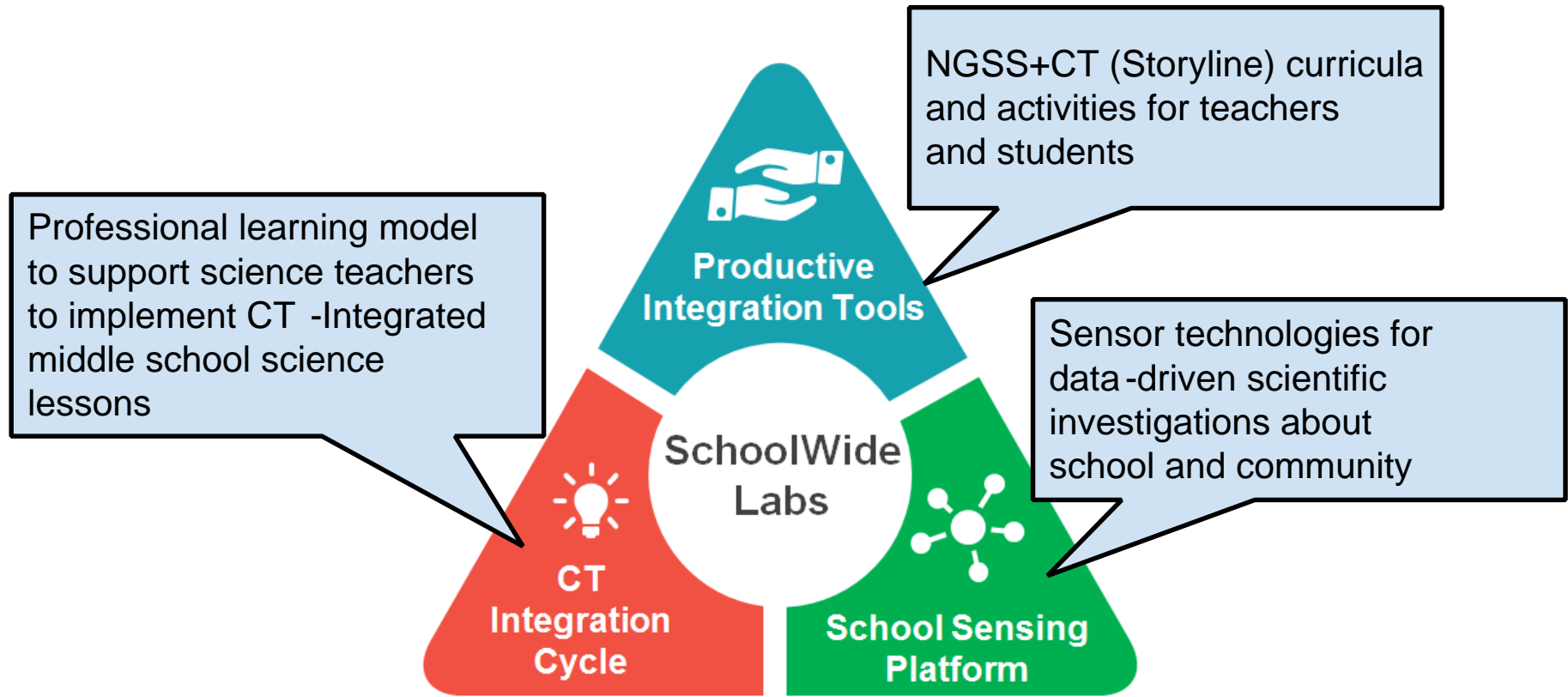
Tamara Sumner, William Penuel, Jennifer Jacobs, Quentin Bidy, University of Colorado

NSF #1742053, #1742046

Denver Public Schools and SparkFun Electronics

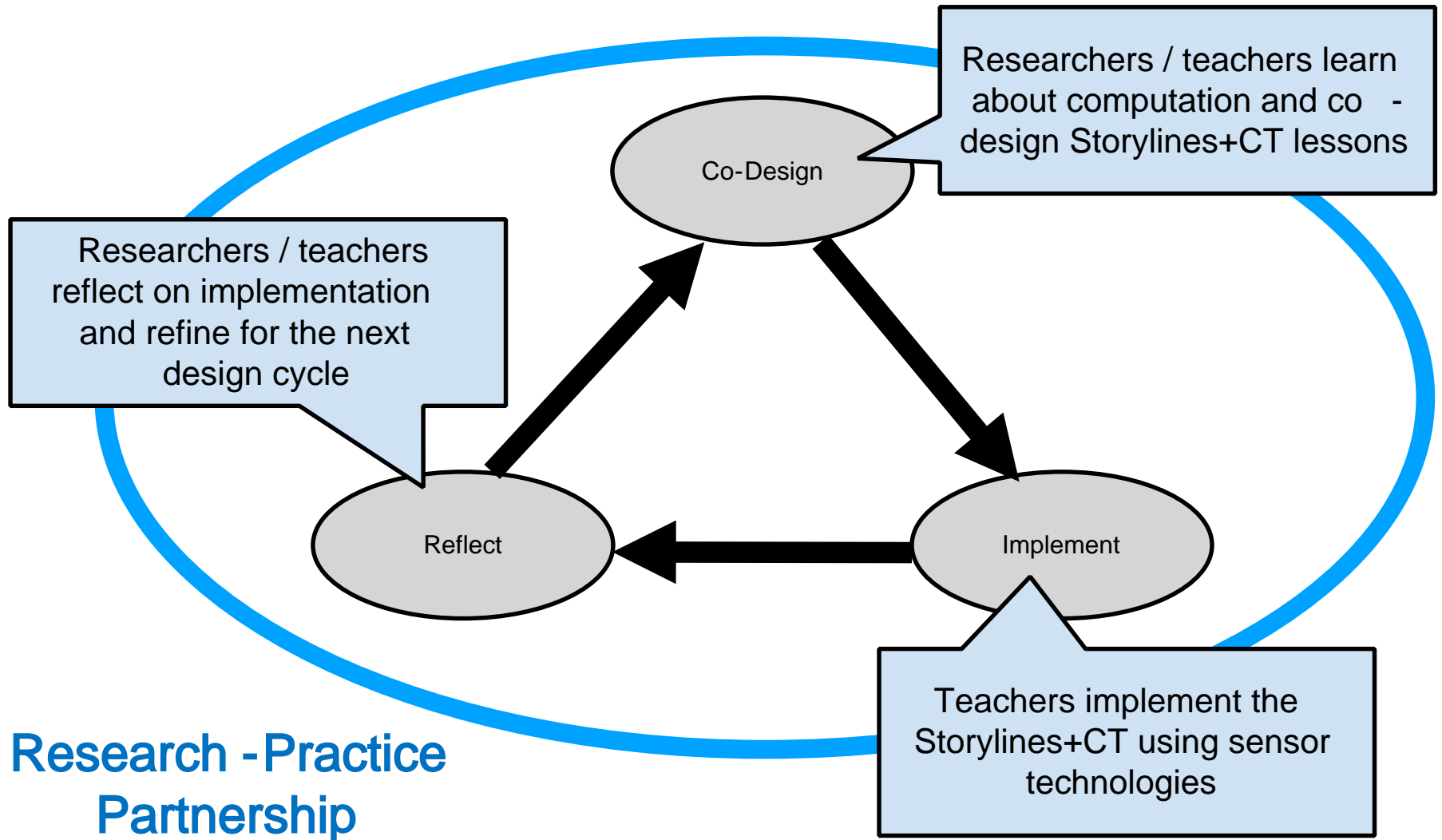


Project Goals



Broadening Participation in Computational Activities through Place -Based Investigations in Mainstream Science Classes

Professional Learning: CT Integration Cycle

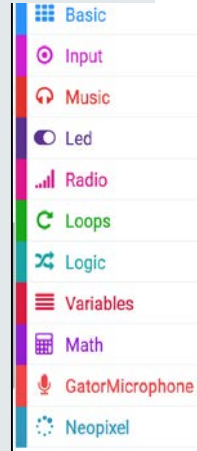


School Sensing Platform



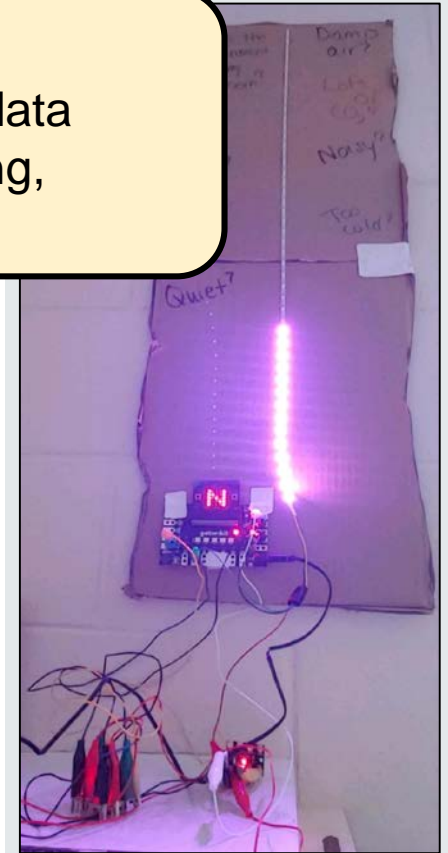
Platform is portable and affordable.
Core CT Practices (Weintrop et al., 2016): collect data streams with sensors, build models via programming, analyze & communicate using visualizations

Gator:bit which exposes more pins on the micro:bit for alligator clipable sensors. Additionally provides functionality for simple data displays using LEDs and a speaker.



```
on button A pressed
  if sound intensity < 100 then
    strip show color blue
  else
    strip show color orange
```

Students program data collection, data analysis, and data displays using MakeCode.



Classroom data display that shows the conditions in the classroom: temperature, humidity, carbon dioxide, and noise.

Research Approach

Use iterative design-based approach to studying teaching learning over time

Middle School Participants:

Y1: 3 science teachers; 363 students

Y2: 5 science teachers; 488 students

Y3: 10 science teachers; ? students

In each DBR cycle, teachers participated in CT Integration cycle: learn about CT, co-design storylines integrating CT via sensor technologies, enact in classrooms, and reflect/revise.

Use case study method to study different teachers' cycles

Evidence: Teacher Learning

Supporting teacher learning, participation, and agency:

- Use iterative design -based approach to studying teaching learning over time, as requires intentional design
- Use videos, interviews, and surveys
- Examine teacher learning in co -designing and adapting storylines
- Examine teachers as modelers

Supporting student learning:

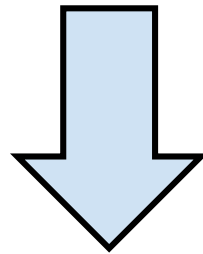
- Student exit tickets (Penuel et al., 2016)
- Student artifacts

Year 1

Lessons Learned	Adaptations for Year 2
More information needs to be provided to teachers about what is expected when implementing CT practices.	Integrate more CT activities into PD and make the goals of the CT practices more explicit
Highlighting the place -based aspect of scientific investigations supports student engagement.	Continue to highlight place as an important part of the units
A one week unit is likely too short to meaningfully implement many science and CT practices.	Create a longer unit with a richer set of activities
Limitations in Y1 storyline	Target phenomena that will yield a rich set of data for data driven analysis

Year 2

Teachers want to introducing programming and the micro:bit as tools for scientific inquiry so investigations using those tools feel authentic to their students



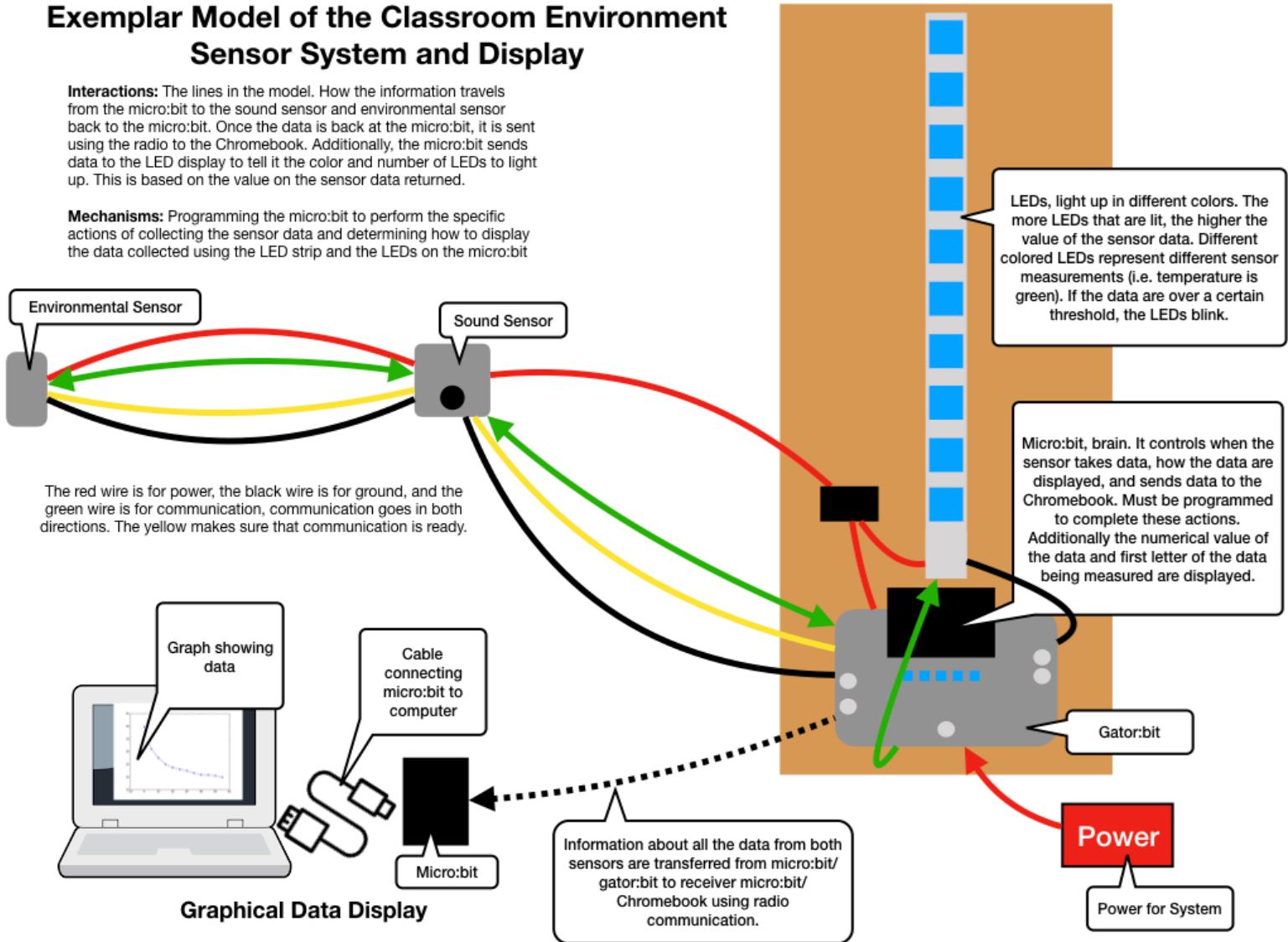
Sensor Immersion Storyline where students investigate how a classroom sensor system collects, analyzes, and displays information

Sensor Immersion

Exemplar Model of the Classroom Environment Sensor System and Display

Interactions: The lines in the model. How the information travels from the micro:bit to the sound sensor and environmental sensor back to the micro:bit. Once the data is back at the micro:bit, it is sent using the radio to the Chromebook. Additionally, the micro:bit sends data to the LED display to tell it the color and number of LEDs to light up. This is based on the value on the sensor data returned.

Mechanisms: Programming the micro:bit to perform the specific actions of collecting the sensor data and determining how to display the data collected using the LED strip and the LEDs on the micro:bit



Overarching Findings

Storylines are a useful approach to integrate CT, sensor technologies, and science in a complimentary way.

CT integrated science approach helps teachers see value of adding programmable sensor systems to their curriculum and can help students see sensor systems as tools for scientific inquiry.

Place based investigations of scientific phenomena as well as sensor usage and programming can play a large role to engage students.

A versatile sensor system supports students' engagement in CT and Science Practices.

Thanks

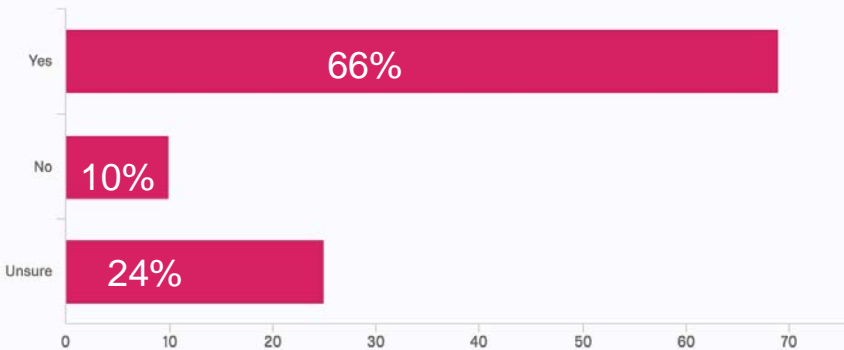
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Coherence

I know what we need
to investigate next.



I have some ideas
about how to
investigate and answer
the questions we have.

SEET 2

SEET 3

